Arbor-July 2025 CLO Update & 10-Q Forecasts

Arbor severely misreport delinquencies, total debt, and debt servicing costs. Meanwhile: underlying DSCR fall to record lows and spreads flatten at record lows.

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July 24, 2025 – Arbor Realty's net spreads continue to nosedive, suggesting a further fall in Q2 2025 revenues. More significant errors in Arbor's reporting of delinquencies, total debt, and debt servicing costs against underlying collateral have also been uncovered.

- Arbor's underlying CLO Debt Service Coverage Ratio (DSCR) has deteriorated to approximately 0.50x, down sharply from 0.60x at year-end 2024.
 - This includes Viceroy's corrections to obviously misreported debt servicing costs made by Arbor to the US Bank Trustee. Without corrections, the underlying DSCR would be 0.35x.
 - For context, A DSCR of 1.0x signal the underlying asset operates at break-even; anything materially below that, as is the case here, reflects significant distress and a heightened risk of default and foreclosure.
 - We have found enormous errors in CLO reporting over 18 months, none of which have been corrected or addressed.
- Delinquent loans have risen sharply since our last update in May 2025, from \$750m to \$1,048m, an increase of 40%.
 - Delinquent loans now represent >25% of the CLO loan book.
 - \$242m of these delinquencies are >90 days.
- Approximately \$911m of CLO loans are in "workout", a non-legal negotiated resolution to avoid default.
 These include both delinquent and non-delinquent loans.

| July 2025 Update | ARCREN 2021-FL3 | ARCREN 2021-FL4 | ARCREN 2022-FL1 | Total |
|--|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| Total deal balance | 820,010,236 | 1,661,550,937 | 1,562,255,652 | 4,043,816,825 |
| < 1 Month | 12,500,000 | 156,488,000 | 289,812,000 | 458,800,000 |
| 30 Days | 46,300,000 | 226,626,787 | 23,655,000 | 296,581,787 |
| 60 Days | - | 26,500,000 | 24,400,000 | 50,900,000 |
| 90+ Days | 78,370,000 | 132,707,851 | 31,240,000 | 242,317,851 |
| Modified | 718,528,926 | 1,299,124,062 | 1,315,572,696 | 3,333,225,684 |
| Adjustment for double count* | (137,170,000) | (495,822,638) | (302,152,000) | (935,144,638) |
| Total delinquent & modified | 718,528,926 | 1,345,624,062 | 1,382,527,696 | 3,446,680,684 |
| * Double count adjustment for loans bo | th modified and delin | quent. | | |

Figures 1 -May 2025 CLO Data - Viceroy Analysis

- ARCREN 2021-FL1 and 2022-FL2 have been wound up, and loans moved to repo lines.
- Arbor has re-modified ~\$426m of loans in June and July 2025
 - Most of these loans had already been modified since Q4 2024, some as recently as April 2025.
- Arbor has modified \$3.3b (83%) of its remaining CLO loans and holds ~\$1,050m (26%) of delinquent loans.
 - All delinquent loans have been modified.
 - \$830m of delinquent loans were modified as recently as Q4 2024, some as recently as June 2025 (last month).
 - Delinquent loans are vastly underreported on account of Arbor modifying loans in sequential months or quarters to mask delinquencies.
 - Delinquent loans are not being cured and are falling further into delinquency. 90-day delinquencies are up month-on-month.

- Net interest spreads have collapsed across all of Arbor's CLOs. Many borrowers are paying effective rates below SOFR due to Arbor's widespread modification practices.
- Arbor tries to cure the true value of its delinquencies by modifying loans month-on-month.
 - Arbor has modified >\$1.8b of loans YTD 2025, some of which have been modified many times during this YTD period.
 - Substantially all these loans had already been modified.

This is fraud. There is no underlying operational improvement secured against these loans, no opportunity to transition these loans into agency, or any other feasible lending product, and (obviously) no buyer for these loans at their marked price. These loans are in transition to foreclosures, and nothing else.

- The DSCR of modified loans now fully captures 75bps of rate cuts and still only sits slightly above ~0.3x1.
 - Note: on correcting Arbor's reporting errors in respect to the underlying debt servicing costs of borrowers, we expect the DSCR is actually closer to 0.5x.
- Implied underlying cap rates sit at 4.3%. Any realistic revaluation of underlying collateral values will completely wipe out Arbor's equity stake of its CLO.

| | ARCREN | ARCREN | ARCREN | | |
|---|----------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| July 2025 Update | 2021-FL3 | 2021-FL4 | 2022-FL1 | Mixed | Total |
| Underlying Revenue | 88,479,455 | 163,735,997 | 138,614,058 | 104,491,396 | 495,320,905 |
| Underlying Expenses | (47,087,204) | (79,395,371) | (72,977,696) | (51,835,257) | (251,295,527) |
| Underlying NOI | 41,392,251 | 84,340,626 | 65,636,362 | 52,656,139 | 244,025,378 |
| Debt Service Amount | (53,079,574) | (124,459,010) | (198,328,644) | (308,583,815) | (684,451,044) |
| DSCR | 0.78 | 0.68 | 0.33 | 0.17 | 0.357 |
| Debt Outstanding | 589,360,456 | 1,306,580,754 | 1,207,529,542 | 940,346,072 | 4,043,816,825 |
| Tranches moved to REPO | | | | | 283,474,095 |
| Underlying Collateral Valuation | 749,515,000 | 1,856,375,000 | 1,853,270,000 | 1,244,600,000 | 5,703,760,000 |
| Implied Cap Rate** | | | | | 4.28% |
| LTV** | | | | | 76% |
| **Refer to total - portions of debt no long | ger represented fror | m terminated CLOs | | | |

Figures 2 – May 2025 CLO Data – Viceroy Analysis

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Viceroy Research Group 2

¹ Adjusted for various loans against the same property. We note that Arbor have serially misreported borrower financials in this regard, we dive into this below.

Spread Analysis

We observe in April that Arbor net interest spreads have flattened at record lows across the entire portfolio.

Arbor has faced net interest spread reductions of up to 70% across its CLO portfolios.

Across the CLOs net interest spreads since December 2023 are down:

- -68% in 2022-FL1
- -34% in 2021-FL3
- -18% in 2021-FL4

We note that Arbor have bought 4 bad loans out of this CLO into their in-house book/repo line. This has artificially improved 2021-FL4 spreads m/m.

We note that any perceived marginal m/m improvement is merely a factor of a small handful of loans paying what they can afford in a very volatile fashion. The spreads of various loans appear to change each month, as many delinquent borrowers appear to have been given flexible payment terms which change month-on-month, without new modifications or delinquencies being recorded.

| 2022 514 | Ind 25 | han 25 | May 25 | Jan. 25 | D 22 |
|-----------------------------|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------|
| 2022 FL1 | Jul-25 | Jun-25 | Mar-25 | Jan-25 | Dec-23 |
| Weighted average spread | 2.47 | 2.13 | 2.82 | 2.98 | 3.60 |
| Current debt spread | 1.88 | 1.88 | 1.88 | 1.88 | 1.74 |
| Delta - Net Interest Spread | 0.59 | 0.25 | 0.94 | 1.10 | 1.86 |
| Downturn since Dec 2023 | -68.3% | -86.7% | -49.3% | -41.0% | |
| 2021 FL3 | Jun-25 | Jun-25 | Jan-25 | Jan-25 | Dec-23 |
| Weighted average spread | 2.88 | 2.82 | 3.08 | 3.02 | 3.61 |
| Current debt spread | 1.37 | 1.37 | 1.37 | 1.37 | 1.32 |
| Delta | 1.51 | 1.45 | 1.71 | 1.65 | 2.29 |
| Downturn since Dec 2023 | -33.9% | -36.9% | -25.4% | -28.1% | |
| 2021 FL4 | Jun-25 | Jun-25 | Jan-25 | Jan-25 | Dec-23 |
| Weighted average spread | 3.39 | 3.39 | 3.35 | N/A | 3.77 |
| Current debt spread | 1.63 | 1.63 | 1.63 | N/A | 1.62 |
| Delta | 1.76 | 1.76 | 1.72 | N/A | 2.15 |
| Downturn since Dec 2023 | -18.3% | -18.3% | -19.8% | N/A | |

Figure 3 – Viceroy Spread Analysis

We have detailed this in our November report, which can be found in the link below:

https://viceroyresearch.org/2024/12/16/arbor-pik-ing-holes-in-clo-data/

Modifying loans to distressed tenants is always at a direct cost to the lender. Arbor has made enormous concessions to its (almost exclusively distressed) lenders to keep them current.

The portfolios are teetering on the edge of a negative spread with over 95% of borrowers operating at a loss. The portfolio has an LTV ratio of \sim 80% (approximately a 4.2% cap rate), with Arbor holding the equity stake.

Given historic low spreads across its portfolio, we expect Arbor's interest income to fall to historic lows in its forthcoming 10-Q. Per figure 8 above, we can see net interest spreads fall materially q/q.

Outlier LTVs & Examining ARAs

On October 16, 2024, Viceroy published an analysis of Arbor's CLO prospectus, which showed that the company had not adequately adjusted appraisals for troubled loans in its CLOs. A link to this report is below:

https://viceroyresearch.org/2024/10/16/arbor-failing-par-value-tests/

Since this report was published, dozens of CLO loans have been subject to APA adjustments. We can present an analysis of this raw data on request.

- Almost \$900m of loans now present an LTV of over 90%.
- The weighted average underlying cap rate for this high-LTV collateral portfolio is 3.6% after ARA adjustments.
- Only 2 loans below are recorded as delinquent, despite a dozen being in workout.
- 8 of the below loans are paying interest rates below 6%, significantly lower than the cost of debt.
 - Of these, 5 are not in a workout plan workout and are not recording delinquencies.
 - One interest-only loan of \$25.5m is paying a current note rate of 1.25% and is not recorded as delinquent.
- Substantially all these high-LTV loans are accruing deferred interest, which does not appear to be impairment tested despite the fact that the loans are greater than the values of the properties (at a 3.6% cap rate!).

| Group ID | Loan ID | Delinquency Status | Modifications | Loan Balance | Current Note Rate | Most Recent NOI | Most Recent Value | LTV | Cap Rate |
|----------|---------|--------------------|---------------|--------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------|----------|
| 265109 | 265109 | 1 | 1 | 49,312,000 | 9.059% | 3,477,368 | 18,300,000 | 269.46% | 19.00% |
| 648988 | 648988 | 1 | 0 | 16,568,000 | 10.082% | 1,153,679 | 10,200,000 | 162.43% | 11.31% |
| 345023 | 345023 | 3 | 9 | 43,900,000 | 5.550% | 1,582,964 | 35,150,000 | 124.89% | 4.50% |
| 351438 | 351438 | 1 | 9 | 23,600,000 | 6.309% | 674,093 | 18,900,000 | 124.87% | 3.57% |
| 347469 | 347469 | 1 | 8 | 25,600,000 | 6.000% | 1,126,922 | 22,900,000 | 111.79% | 4.92% |
| 352190 | 39232 | 1 | 8 | 31,250,000 | 4.000% | - 352,645 | 28,100,000 | 111.21% | -1.25% |
| 340228 | | 1 | 9 | 25,500,000 | 1.250% | - 1,516,300 | 23,300,000 | 109.44% | -6.51% |
| 353807 | 353807 | 1 | 8 | 20,300,000 | 6.109% | 968,113 | 18,700,000 | 108.56% | 5.18% |
| 347303 | 37551 | 1 | 9 | 21,420,000 | 6.363% | 1,094,453 | 20,200,000 | 106.04% | 5.42% |
| 344223 | 344223 | 1 | 9 | 77,700,000 | 7.809% | 2,819,500 | 73,400,000 | 105.86% | 3.84% |
| 351961 | 351961 | 1 | 9 | 26,600,000 | 6.059% | 1,368,849 | 26,000,000 | 102.31% | 5.26% |
| 322241 | 322241 | 1 | 1 | 4,866,000 | 8.059% | 383,113 | 4,800,000 | 101.38% | 7.98% |
| 373795 | 373795 | 1 | 6 | 17,180,000 | 6.150% | - 271,267 | 17,100,000 | 100.47% | -1.59% |
| 371390 | | 1 | 8 | 51,800,000 | 7.184% | 2,162,795 | 52,000,000 | 99.62% | 4.16% |
| 345816 | 345816 | 1 | 9 | 99,500,000 | 6.009% | 3,483,547 | 100,500,000 | 99.00% | 3.47% |
| 438178 | 438178 | 1 | 9 | 21,100,000 | 5.000% | - 345,660 | 21,370,000 | 98.74% | -1.62% |
| 378295 | 378295 | 1 | 9 | 26,480,000 | 7.500% | 1,545,131 | 27,100,000 | 97.71% | 5.70% |
| 426384 | 426384 | 1 | 6 | 29,500,000 | 6.150% | 1,109,088 | 30,200,000 | 97.68% | 3.67% |
| 378294 | 378294 | 1 | 9 | 26,390,000 | 7.500% | 1,738,291 | 27,200,000 | 97.02% | 6.39% |
| 344711 | 344711 | 1 | 1 | 13,200,000 | 7.959% | 805,942 | 13,730,000 | 96.14% | 5.87% |
| 377800 | | 1 | 9 | 17,612,290 | 4.811% | - 478,484 | 18,400,000 | 95.72% | -2.60% |
| 353362 | 353362 | 1 | 0 | 19,300,000 | 8.659% | 2,231,341 | 20,400,000 | 94.61% | 10.94% |
| 824151 | 824151 | 1 | 0 | 24,500,000 | 9.342% | 163,780 | 26,100,000 | 93.87% | 0.63% |
| 369965 | 42558 | 1 | 9 | 15,198,278 | 6.602% | 624,873 | 16,200,000 | 93.82% | 3.86% |
| 348163 | | 2 | 9 | 46,775,000 | 4.750% | - 1,444,936 | 50,150,000 | 93.27% | -2.88% |
| 522137 | 522137 | 1 | 0 | 13,914,000 | 9.310% | 985,837 | 15,000,000 | 92.76% | 6.57% |
| 348016 | 348016 | 1 | 8 | 33,000,000 | 5.309% | 1,690,355 | 35,600,000 | 92.70% | 4.75% |
| 343994 | 343994 | 1 | 9 | 13,100,000 | 4.309% | 647,813 | 14,470,000 | 90.53% | 4.48% |
| 348269 | 348269 | 1 | 9 | 31,500,000 | 6.000% | 1,586,555 | 34,800,000 | 90.52% | 4.56% |
| 338057 | 338057 | 1 | 1 | 6,133,000 | 7.809% | 415,513 | 6,800,000 | 90.19% | 6.11% |
| 357304 | | 1 | 0 | 22,000,000 | 8.609% | 1,251,151 | 24,400,000 | 90.16% | 5.13% |
| | | | | 894,798,568 | | 30,681,773 | 851,470,000 | Median | 4.56% |
| | | | | | | | | W.A. | 3.60% |

Figures 4 - March 2025 CLO Data - Viceroy Analysis

Misreported Delinquencies

Arbor has misreported 90+ day delinquencies once more. In May 2025, the \$58m loan against South Pointe Apartments, Naranja FL, moved from <30 days delinquency into 90+ days delinquency in the space of 1 month.

| ARCREN 2021-FL3 | Apr-25 | May-25 |
|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Total deal balance | 861,266,925 | 820,010,236 |
| < 1 Month | 168,470,000 🔪 | 97,674,440 |
| 30 Days | 12,775,000 | 51,100,000 |
| 60 Days | - | - |
| 90+ Days | - | 58,570,000 |
| Modified | 722,803,926 | 718,528,926 |
| Adjustment for double count* | (181,245,000) | (207,344,440) |
| Total delinquent & modified | 722,803,926 | 718,528,926 |

Figures 5 – CLO Data – Viceroy Analysis

We have encountered delinquency underreporting consistently over 18 months. It is unfathomable that Arbor cannot maintain consistency in these figures and speaks to a severe weakness in their internal controls.

At a high level we have seen delinquent loans progress through delinquency stages quite consistently. We note the reduction in 90+ day delinquent loans in 2022-FL1 is due to a loan being purchased out of the CLO.

| ARCREN 2021-FL4 | Apr-25 | May-25 |
|--|--|--|
| Total deal balance | 1,778,012,094 | 1,701,543,437 |
| <1 Month | 186,651,787 | 140,316,787 |
| 30 Days | 26,500,000 | 112,810,000 |
| 60 Days | - | - |
| 90+ Days | 143,887,851 | 143,887,851 |
| Modified | 1,340,866,562 | 1,327,936,562 |
| Adjustment for double count* | (303,959,638) | (359,334,638) |
| Total delinquent & modified | 1,393,946,562 | 1,365,616,562 |
| | | |
| ARCREN 2022-FL1 | Apr-25 | May-25 |
| ARCREN 2022-FL1 Total deal balance | Apr-25 | May-25 1,568,935,437 |
| | · | • |
| Total deal balance | 1,629,007,437 | • |
| Total deal balance | 1,629,007,437 77,700,000 | 1,568,935,437 - |
| Total deal balance <1 Month 30 Days | 1,629,007,437 77,700,000 | 1,568,935,437 - |
| Total deal balance <1 Month 30 Days 60 Days | 1,629,007,437 77,700,000 36,430,000 | 1,568,935,437 - 114,130,000 - |
| Total deal balance <1 Month 30 Days 60 Days 90+ Days | 1,629,007,437 77,700,000 36,430,000 - 41,040,000 | 1,568,935,437 - 114,130,000 - 31,240,000 |

Figures 6 & 7 – CLO Data – Viceroy Analysis

Hidden Mezz Financing & Under-Reported Total Debt

Arbor's closure of CLOs creates a problematic reporting of collateral assets with liens from continuing CLOs and newly-closed CLOs, which have been moved to repo.

Viceroy have consistently reported that "debt service amounts" from collateral assets exceed payments due to Arbor, and that an 80% LTV, 0.6x DSCR book appears to have even more undisclosed mezzanine financing attached to it.

Nowhere does Arbor disclose that there are still existing loans on various CLO assets which now look lightly encumbered as their tranches move to repo lines.

For example: Below is the Total Loan Amount at Origination vs the Remaining Arbor Loan Amount for several loans. These balance has not been paid off, it has simply moved to repo.

| Transaction ID | Group ID | Loan ID | Current Balance | Total Loan Amount at Origination | Delta |
|-----------------|----------|---------|-----------------|----------------------------------|-------------|
| ARCREN 2022-FL1 | 354711 | 44284 | 24,188,000 | 83,517,000 | 59,329,000 |
| ARCREN 2022-FL1 | 381691 | 42407 | 26,540,000 | 80,240,000 | 53,700,000 |
| ARCREN 2021-FL3 | 348163 | 41086 | 12,775,000 | 48,500,000 | 35,725,000 |
| ARCREN 2021-FL4 | 347857 | 42595 | 41,475,000 | 74,142,750 | 32,667,750 |
| ARCREN 2021-FL4 | 346426 | 46602 | 54,650,000 | 83,450,000 | 28,800,000 |
| ARCREN 2021-FL4 | 346726 | 46402 | 9,903,470 | 36,500,000 | 26,596,530 |
| ARCREN 2022-FL1 | 264233 | 46686 | 46,115,000 | 69,823,935 | 23,708,935 |
| Mixed | 560893 | | 61,272,654 | 77,500,000 | 16,227,346 |
| ARCREN 2022-FL1 | 349766 | 349766 | 10,760,000 | 26,600,000 | 15,840,000 |
| ARCREN 2021-FL3 | 371439 | 41537 | 12,681,531 | 28,200,000 | 15,518,469 |
| ARCREN 2022-FL1 | 377800 | 46739 | 2,715,000 | 17,625,000 | 14,910,000 |
| ARCREN 2021-FL3 | 348320 | 45637 | 38,547,486 | 50,430,000 | 11,882,514 |
| ARCREN 2021-FL4 | 347214 | 347214 | 6,959,868 | 17,000,000 | 10,040,133 |
| ARCREN 2021-FL4 | 201908 | 48224 | 44,000,000 | 54,000,000 | 10,000,000 |
| ARCREN 2021-FL4 | 341714 | 45831 | 50,900,000 | 56,585,500 | 5,685,500 |
| ARCREN 2022-FL1 | 346673 | 44894 | 29,596,542 | 33,600,000 | 4,003,458 |
| Mixed | 944207 | | 71,859,956 | 75,000,000 | 3,140,044 |
| ARCREN 2021-FL3 | 661339 | 45352 | 22,856,689 | 25,500,000 | 2,643,311 |
| ARCREN 2022-FL1 | 360010 | 46693 | 29,365,000 | 31,637,860 | 2,272,860 |
| ARCREN 2021-FL4 | 369965 | 42558 | 15,198,278 | 17,000,000 | 1,801,722 |
| ARCREN 2022-FL1 | 344223 | 344223 | 77,700,000 | 79,200,000 | 1,500,000 |
| ARCREN 2021-FL4 | 348314 | 46645 | 13,150,000 | 14,250,000 | 1,100,000 |
| ARCREN 2021-FL4 | 343175 | 45687 | 5,900,000 | 6,809,529 | 909,529 |
| ARCREN 2021-FL4 | 360028 | 46655 | 15,892,500 | 16,800,000 | 907,500 |
| ARCREN 2022-FL1 | 346268 | 346268 | 31,240,000 | 31,960,000 | 720,000 |
| ARCREN 2021-FL4 | 339923 | 339923 | 83,974,851 | 84,325,000 | 350,149 |
| Total | | | 840,216,825 | 1,220,196,574 | 379,979,749 |

Figures 8 - April 2025 Viceroy Analysis

The delta of cells highlighted above shows existing loans against collateral assets which have now allegedly been transferred to repo lines; however it is now impossible (without looking backwards) to identify other liens against these collateral assets.

We reiterate our belief that Arbor's in-house book is significantly worse than the public facing CLO book.

Moving CLOs to Repo Lines

Viceroy presciently suggested that Arbor would move its lapsed CLOs into more expensive repo facilities in our 10-K analysis dated March 4, 2025 (which we have re-printed on page 6).

Arbor will need to effectively re-finance all its CLOs as their reinvestment periods have lapsed. This means Arbor can no longer sell loans into the CLOs to access liquidity.

These CLOs are not intended to exist for extended periods of time because they are used to finance transition loans. The only place Arbor loans are transitioning to is into foreclosures. This leaves CLO noteholders in a precarious position.

On March 13, 2025, Arbor announced that it closed a \$1.15b repo facility to unwind 2 CLOs:

UNIONDALE, N.Y., March 13, 2025 (GLOBE NEWSWIRE) -- Arbor Realty Trust, Inc. (NYSE: ABR), today announced the closing of a \$1.15 billion repurchase facility (the "Repurchase Facility"), with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. In connection with this transaction, the Company transferred approximately \$1.43 billion of assets into this Repurchase Facility, \$1.34 billion of which were in two of the Company's existing collateralized loan obligations (the "CLOs"), that the Company expects to redeem, in full and at par, on March 17, 2025, with proceeds from the Repurchase Facility. The assets being pledged were all recently appraised with values confirmed. The two CLOs being redeemed have combined leverage of approximately 77%, with pricing of SOFR plus 2.24%.

The Repurchase Facility is match funded with 80% leverage, pricing that is well below the CLOs being redeemed and is primarily nonrecourse to the Company. Additionally, the Repurchase Facility includes a two-year replenishment period, enabling the reinvestment of principal proceeds from asset repayments into qualifying replacement assets, and contains a \$100 million accordion feature, exercisable at the Company's election within 90 days of closing.

As a result of these transactions, the Company has created approximately \$80 million of additional liquidity and has increased the returns on these assets through enhanced leverage and reduced pricing. "This is an incredibly innovative transaction that creates tremendous efficiencies for us going forward," said Ivan Kaufman, the Company's Chief Executive Officer. "This result also continues to reinforce the quality of our loan book and the depth of our banking relationships."

Figures 9 – Arbor Press Release – March 13, 2025²

Firstly: we note that Arbor claimed that the combined CLOs are subject to a rate of SOFR + 2.24%. This calculation is not replicable.

- 2021-FL1 has a third-party noteholder rate of SOFR +1.33%
- 2022-FL2 has a third-party noteholder rate of SOFR +2.36%
- Viceroy calculated the weighted average rate of these portfolios at 2.04%.
- Viceroy believes Arbor has included higher rates due to itself, as junior note holders in the CLOs, to the cost of the facilities.

The notes sold to third parties had an initial weighted average interest rate of 1.33% plus one-month LIBOR and interest payments on the notes are payable monthly.

83%. The notes sold to third parties had an initial weighted average interest rate of 2.36% plus term SOFR and interest payments on the notes are payable monthly.

| Viceroy Analysis | 2021-FL1 | 2022-FL2 | Total |
|----------------------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Debt | 326,238 | 753,987 | 1,080,225 |
| Loans | 452,751 | 913,935 | 1,366,686 |
| LTV | 72.1% | 82.5% | 79.0% |
| | | | |
| Spread (3rd Party) | 1.31% | 2.36%_ | - |
| W.A. Spread Estimate | 0.40% | 1.65% | 2.04% |

Figures 10, 11 & 12 - Arbor 10-K Extracts on 2021-FL1, 2022-FL2, and Viceroy Analysis respectively

² https://ir.arbor.com/news-releases/news-release-details/arbor-realty-trust-closes-115-billion-repurchase-facility-unwind

- - Arbor claims that the Repo pricing is "well below the CLOs being redeemed." We believe this is false.
 - Arbor's only repo facility with an average spread below 2.04% is a small \$350m facility, which has been trimmed down in 2024.
 - All other repo facilities are more expensive than the combined CLOs at either Arbor's non-replicable SOFR +2.24% rate, or our SOFR +2.04% rate derived directly from Arbor's annual report³.
 - The new facility does not appear to be able to finance distressed loans. We believe the distribution of distressed loans to other facilities will incur greater weighted costs from the move from CLOs in the short term.
 - Arbor appear to have cryptically guaranteed loans in this facility. We note this disclaimer suggests that some loans may have recourse to ABR, and some may not, thus the use of an "approximate" non-recourse figure. Again, these have not been subject to impairment testing.

In March 2025, we entered into a \$1.15 billion repurchase facility to finance the loans primarily held in our CLOs. This facility can be upsized to \$1.25 billion within the first 90 days and has a 24-month reinvestment period through March 2027. The facility has an interest rate of SOFR plus 1.85% and matures at the latest maturity date of all purchased assets, which is currently February 2028. Additionally, this facility is approximately 88% non-recourse to us and has an 80% advance rate.

- Arbor opened new high-rate repo lines in 2024 and early 2025 to specifically finance NPLs⁴.
 - 2021-FL1 and 2022-FL2 have numerous credit-risk loans. The cost to finance these loans, which we believe classify as NPLs, incurs this greater penalty rate (approx. SOFR +3.5%-4.00%)

| Security ID | Security | Resolution Strategy | Date of Action | Principal Balance | Status |
|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | | | | |
| BL0002906 | Delmar-Savoy Apartments | Pending Return to Master Servicer | 2024-10-02 | 14,897,290.00 | Credit Risk |
| BL0002564 | East Tulsa Portfolio | Modification | 2024-04-17 | 15,320,215.00 | Credit Risk |
| BL0002099 | Julian Square & Arkansas Place | Pending Return to Master Servicer | 2024-07-22 | 13,100,000.00 | Credit Risk |
| BL0002879 | Nirvana at Riverdale | Pending Return to Master Servicer | 2023-11-06 | 10,514,731.00 | Defaulted Obligation/ Credit Risk |
| BL0002542 | Ridge at Crestwood | Pending Return to Master Servicer | 2024-01-26 | 31,250,000.00 | Credit Risk |
| | | | | 85.082.236.00 | |

| Security ID | Security Description | Date of Action | Principal Balance | Status |
|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| | | | | |
| BL0002572 | Casa Del Encanto & Casa Luna | 2024-06-14 | 34,000,000.00 | Credit Risk |
| BL0002593 | Catalina | 2024-12-03 | 13,800,000.00 | Credit Risk |
| BL0002583 | Cross Creek Apartments | 2024-11-20 | 27,300,000.00 | Credit Risk/ Defaulted |
| BL0002579 | Miramar | 2024-12-03 | 32,500,000.00 | Credit Risk |
| BL0002596 | Riverview Apartments | 2024-11-20 | 31,500,000.00 | Credit Risk/ Defaulted |
| BL0002590 | San Remo | 2024-12-03 | 18,550,000.00 | Credit Risk |
| BL0002841 | Solace on Peachtree | 2024-09-17 | 64,300,000.00 | Credit Risk |
| BL0002588 | Sora on Rose Apartments | 2024-07-22 | 20,300,000.00 | Credit Risk |
| BL0002594 | Stardust | 2024-12-03 | 13,800,000.00 | Credit Risk |
| BL0002921 | The Townhomes at Peacock Hills | 2024-03-12 | 21,100,000.00 | Credit Risk |
| | | | 277.150,000.00 | |

Figures 13 & 14 – US Bank Trustee Credit Risk Reports – 2021-Fl1 and 2022-Fl2 respectively

Arbor claims that the loans are "primarily non-recourse to the company." This suggests that the credit risk of the loans is transferred to the repo lender. It is unfathomable that the repo lender would onboard credit risk associated with Arbor's garbage CLO portfolio at below market rates.

To be prescient once more, Viceroy believes Arbor has materially misled the market in the details surrounding this refinancing arrangement.

We look forward to the development of Arbor's w/a note rate in the forthcoming 10-Q

³ See next page.



Repo Line Extension – Dated March 4, 2025

Arbor has increased existing repo line capacity and opened new repo facilities despite being in a loan runoff, and not fully utilizing its existing repurchase facilities. Facilities have caps have increased by net ~\$1.8b y/y, despite a ~\$1.5b loan runoff (including held-for-sale). We also note that "New facilities" specifically allow the financing of Non-Performing Loans. If Arbor intends to move NPLs from their CLO book to their repo facilities, investors should expect spreads to diminish rapidly. Regardless of the condition of the loans, the new facilities are more expensive on average than existing repo facilities, and ~100bps more expensive than existing CLO facilities.

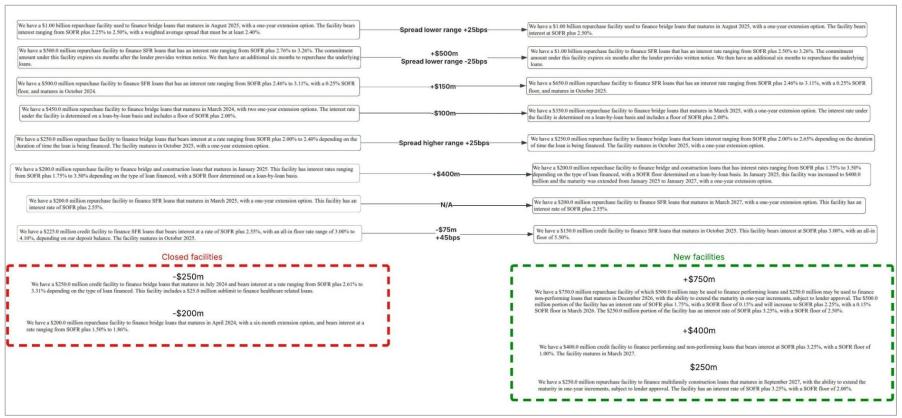


Figure 15 – Viceroy Analysis

Full 10-K Analysis: https://viceroyresearch.org/wp-content/uploads/2025/03/Arbor-2024-10-K-Update.pdf

Viceroy Research Group 9 viceroyresearch.org



Attention: Whistleblowers

Viceroy encourage any parties with information pertaining to misconduct within Arbor Realty Trust, its affiliates, or any other entity to file a report with the appropriate regulatory body.

We also understand first-hand the retaliation whistleblowers sometimes face for championing these issues. Where possible, Viceroy is happy act as intermediaries in providing information to regulators and reporting information in the public interest in order to protect the identities of whistleblowers.

You can contact the Viceroy team via email on viceroy@viceroyresearch.com.

About Viceroy

Viceroy Research are an investigative financial research group. As global markets become increasingly opaque and complex – and traditional gatekeepers and safeguards often compromised – investors and shareholders are at greater risk than ever of being misled or uninformed by public companies and their promoters and sponsors. Our mission is to sift fact from fiction and encourage greater management accountability through transparency in reporting and disclosure by public companies and overall improve the quality of global capital markets.

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